

Quarterly Report - Q2

Q2 - 2018

Strategy - Research & Statistics Division

July - 2018

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حكومة الشارقة Government of Sharjah هيئة الإنماء التجاري والسياحي بالشارقة والسياحي بالشارقة Sharjah Commerce & Tourism Development Authority

1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report provides thorough analyses on the performance of the tourism sector in Sharjah during second quarter of 2018 on different aspect of the industry. Overall, the results of second quarter in 2018 were very modest compared to the same period from last year.

The total number of hotel guests visiting Sharjah was approximately 377 thousand and registering a decrease of 5% compared to Q2 in 2017. On the other hand, the top five markets more or less remain the same with Russia being the top nationality in terms of market share followed by UAE, Oman, India, and China. Russia has occupied more that 22% of market share during Q2 this year and registering a total growth of 58%. Furthermore, it was Russia, CIS, & Baltics Region that registered the highest positive growth (49%) and market share (26%) in Q2 compared to other regions, which witnessed an overall decrease in the number of guests staying in Sharjah.

Moreover, the Second Quarter of 2018 witnesses a slump in the overall performance of the tourism industry in Sharjah where demand for tourism drops by 9%. Seeing that, it was no surprise that hotels occupancy rates fall by 6%, revenue per available room (RevPAR) drop by 14%, and total hotels revenue also fall by 13% compared to same period last year. Conversely, average length of stay (ALOS) for guests has increased by 2.6% compared to last year and was also the highest in Q2 in all years since 2016.

Deluxe hotel apartments registered the lowest occupancy rates about 46% among all other classifications while 3-Star hotels registered the highest 66%. In terms of RevPAR, five star hotels registered the highest with 224 dirhams followed by standard apartments with 147 dirhams; while one star hotels registered the lowest with 61 dirhams in Q2.

The first-half of 2018 witnessed an overall growth in the number of guests coming to Sharjah by 4% and reaching about 919 thousand guests. However, the overall performance stays relatively stable compared to last year with occupancy rates remaining at the 70%, RevPAR decreasing by 5%, total revenue also dropping by 3.2% while ALOS improving by 3.2% as well.

Q2 2018



2 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY – Q2

Sharjah Hotel Guests

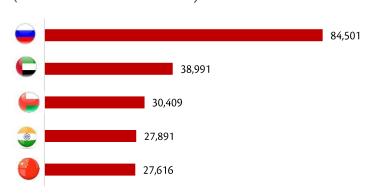
376,984



-5.3%

Top 5 Nationalities

(Hotel Establishments Guests)

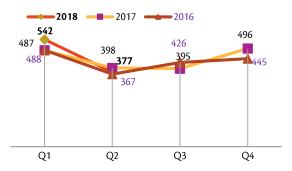




Hospitality Sector Performance Vs. 2017

Occupancy rate	57%	▼ -6.0%
Average Length of Stay	2.24	2.6 %
RevPAR	116	▼ -14.1%
Total Revenue	141 Million AED	▼ -13.3%

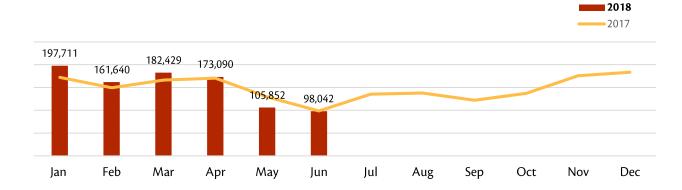
(000) Evolution in the number of Hotels Guest



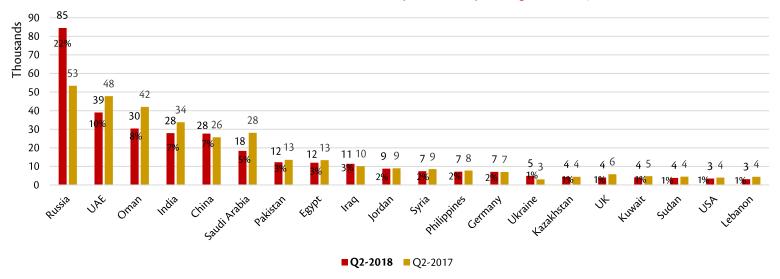


3 HOSPITALITY SECTOR PERFORMANCE

Hotel Guests Trend



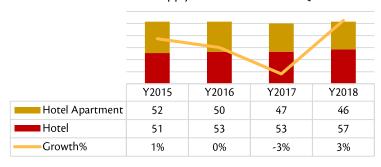
%Share of Hotel Establishment Guets By Nationality during Second Quarter





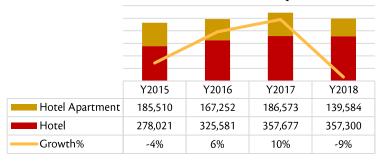
4 SUPPLY AND DEMAND

Hotel Establishments Supply and Growth Rates - Q2



There has been a positive growth of 3% in the total number of hotel establishments in Sharjah (103) during second quarter compared to last year (100). This growth was mainly due to increase in the Hotel segment over Hotel Apartment which registered growth rates of 8% and -2% respectively.

Hotel Establishments Demand and Growth Rates - Q2



On the other hand, demand for tourism dropped around 9% during Q2 in 2018 compared to the same period in 2017. This decrease could be attributed to having month of Ramadan during May in Q2; which is considered a low season in general as many guests prefer to engage in spiritual and religious prayers.

Sharjah Tourism Sector Supply & Demand Trend





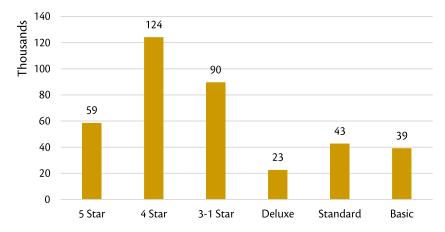
5 GUESTS ANALYSIS

Guest Distribution by Hotel Type - Q2



June registered the lowest number of guests about 98 thousand overall that stayed in Sharjah' accommodation sector

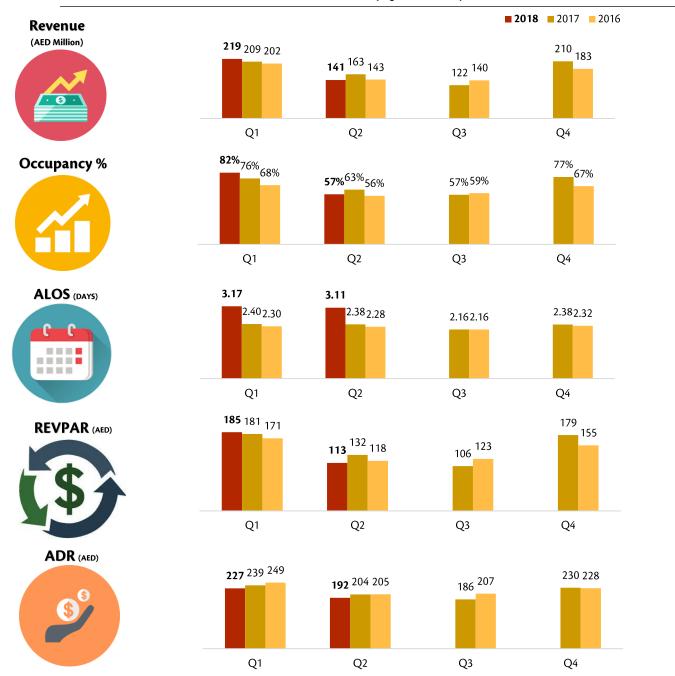
Guest Distribution by Hotel Classification - Q2



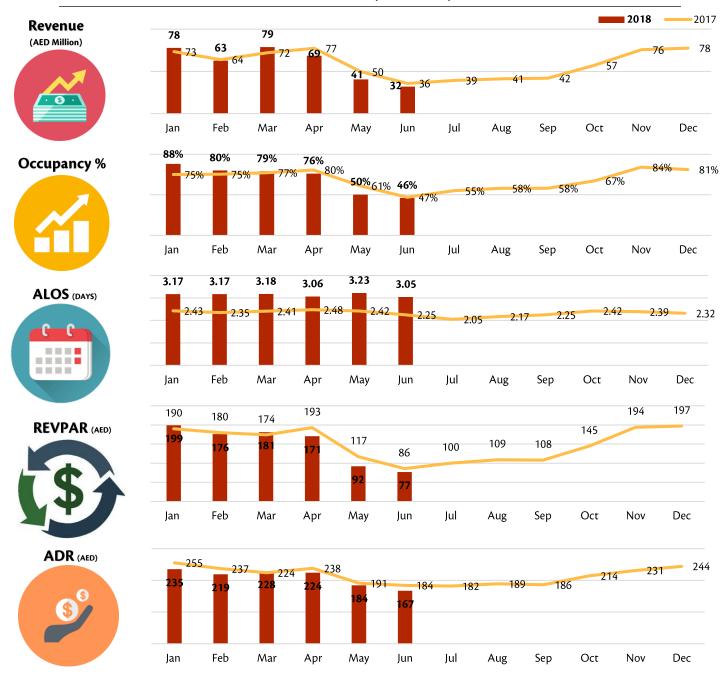
Guest Growth By Hotel Type - Q2



6 Sector Performance – Key Indicators (Quarterly)

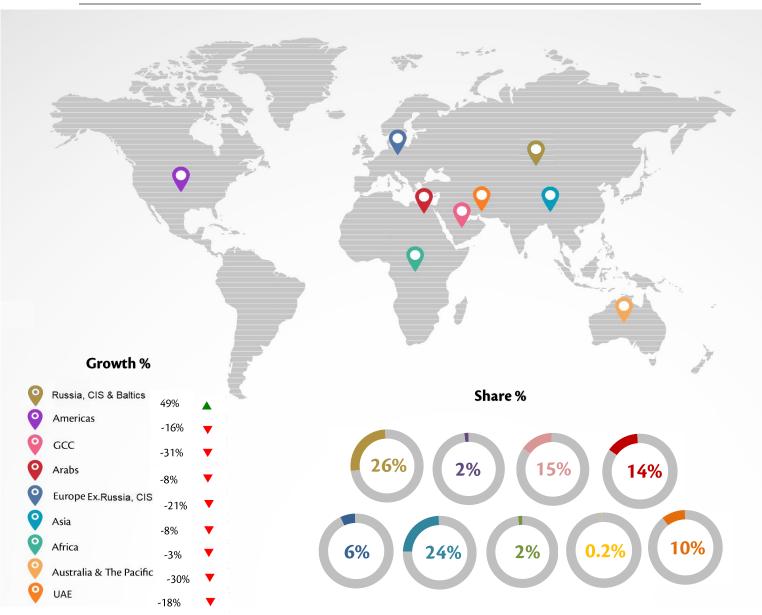


7 Sector Performance – Key Indicators (Monthly)





KEY INDICATORS BY REGION



9 KEY INDICATORS PER HOTEL TYPE:

****	Available Rooms	996				
5-Star	Occupancy	63%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	2.18				
6	RevPAR	224				
	Top 5 Nationalities					13300
****	Available Rooms	2,645				
4-Star	Occupancy	58%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	1.90				
18	RevPAR	115				
	Top 5 Nationalities					
***	Available Rooms	1,649				
3-Star	Occupancy	66%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	2.78				
12	RevPAR	122				
	Top 5 Nationalities					ESSANCE .
**	Available Rooms	725				
2-Star	Occupancy	46%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	2.24				
10	RevPAR	63				
	Top 5 Nationalities					
*	Available Rooms	404				
1-Star	Occupancy	50%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	2.39				
11	RevPAR	61				
	Top 5 Nationalities		(6)			
	Available Rooms	751				
Deluxe	Occupancy	45%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	2.75				
6	RevPAR	139				
	Top 5 Nationalities			.555,654		
	Available Rooms	812				
Standard	Occupancy	53%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	1.72				
7	RevPAR	147				
	Top 5 Nationalities			الله الكبر	.500H(0H	
	Available Rooms	1,325				
Basic	Occupancy	58%				
Number of Hotels:	ALOS	2.86				
33	RevPAR	103				
	Top 5 Nationalities				C	الله اكبر

Year-To-Date 2018



10 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY YTD (FIRST HALF)

Sharjah Hotel Guests

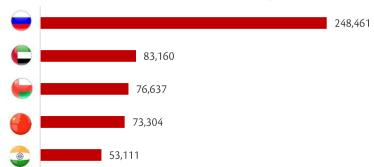
918,764



4%

Top 5 Nationalities

(Hotel Establishments Guests - Thousands)





Hospitality Sector Performance Vs. 2017

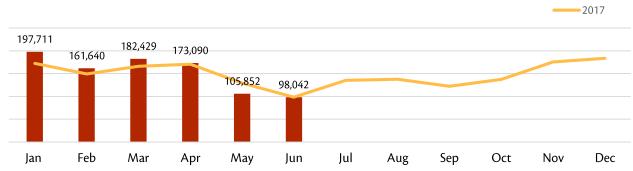
Occupancy rate	70%	0.0%
Average Length of Stay	2.26	▲ 3.2%
RevPAR	185	▼ -5.0%
Total Revenue	360 Million AED	▼ -3.2%

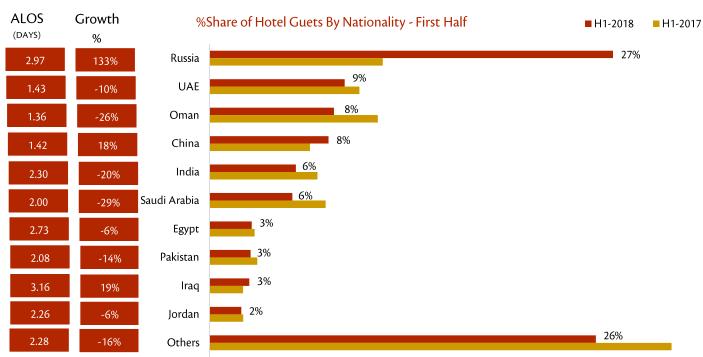


2018

11 Hospitality Sector Performance YTD

Hotel Guests Trend







12 GLOSSARY:

❖ ADR (Average Daily Rate)

A measure of the average rate paid for rooms sold, calculated by dividing room revenue by rooms sold.

ADR = Room Revenue / Rooms Sold

❖ Occupancy Rate

Occupancy is the percentage of available rooms that were sold during a specified period of time. Occupancy is calculated by dividing the number of rooms sold by rooms available.

Occupancy = (Rooms Sold / Rooms Available) x 100

* RevPAR (Rev Per Available Room)

Revenue per Available Room (RevPAR) is the total guest room revenue divided by the total number of available rooms. RevPAR differs from average daily rate (ADR) because RevPAR is affected by the amount of unoccupied available rooms, while ADR shows only the average rate of rooms actually sold.

 $RevPAR = Occupancy \times ADR$

Country Flag Key:							
UAE		Oman		Kazakhstan			
Saudi Arabia	265400	Egypt	M	Jordan			
Germany		Iraq	بالد الكبر	Kenya			
Russia		China					
India		Lebanon	3				
Philippines		Sri Lanka					
Pakistan	C	Other Europe					
Bangladesh		UK					



13 ACCREDITATION:

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